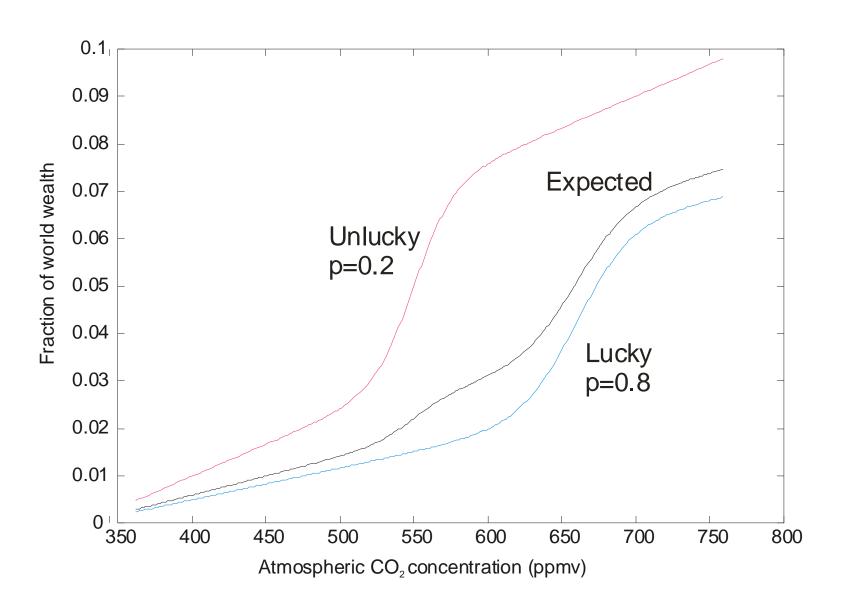
Air Capture: Implications for Climate Policy

DIAM

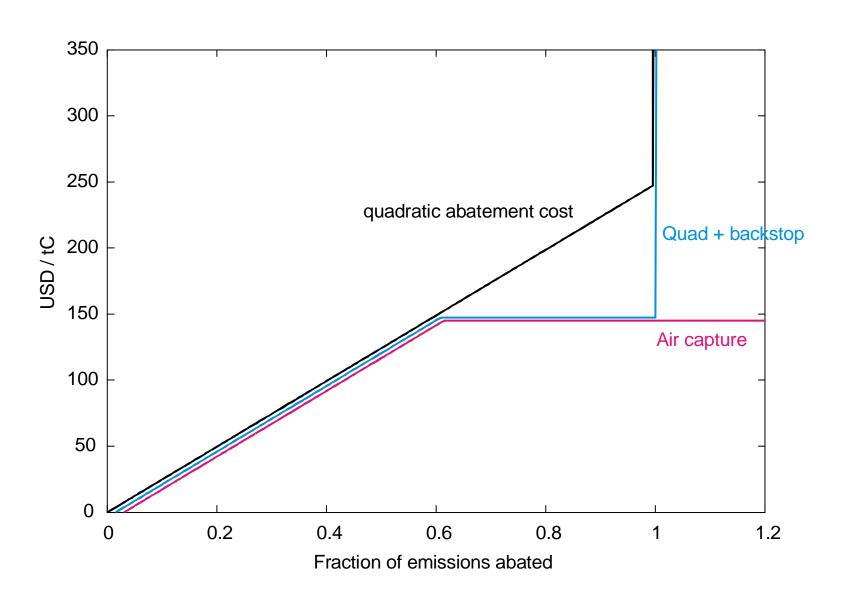
DIAM:

- Maximizes discounted inter-temporal sum of global utility under uncertainty
- Not a growth model: Costs and emissions specified WRT a reference scenario
- Simple parameterization of endogenous technological change: abatement costs scale with rate deployment of abetment technologies
- Non-linear damage functions with threshold.

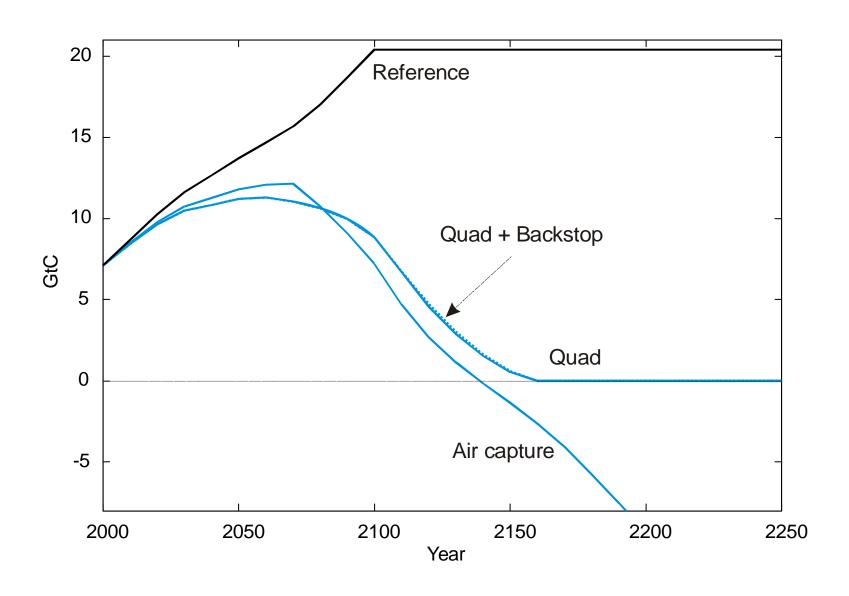
Cost of climate impacts: damage functions



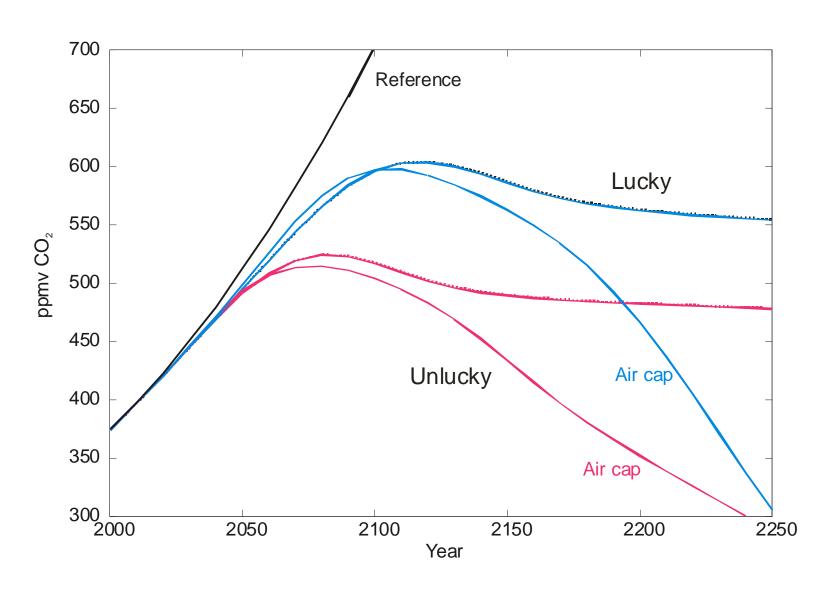
Abatement costs



Emissions



Concentrations



Air Capture: Implications

Air capture can fundamentally alter the temporal dynamics of global warming mitigation.

- It removes emissions from any part of the economy with equal ease or difficulty → its price caps the cost of mitigation across the economy.
- It allows the removal of CO₂ after emission → it permits reduction in concentrations more quickly than can be achieved by the natural carbon cycle. Net emissions can be negative.
- 3. It is decoupled from the rest of the energy system → its returns-to-scale may be better than for more conventional technologies.